SRI M. MALLIKARJONASWAMY .- (Minister for Public Works.)

- (a) Yes, Rs. 60,000.
- (b) Yes.
- (c) Due to paucity of funds.

Construction of bridges across canals in Yelburga Bevoor Road

- 420 SRI PRABHURAJ PATIL. (Yelburga) —Will the Minister for Public Works be pleased to state.
- (a) when the road between Yelburga and Bevoor in Yelburga Taluk of Raichur District was formed.
- (b) whether it is not a fact that bridges across canals in the said roads have not been constructed so far.
- (c) whether it has come to the notice of the Government that due to non-completion of repair works of this road, half of the villages of this tatuk have been inconvenienced to reach the tatuk headquarter.
- (d) if so, when the construction work of these bridges would be started.

SRI M. MALLIKARJUNA SWAMY .- (Minister for Public Works)

- (a) During 1960-61.
- (b) No Bridges have been constructed across some small canals in some portion of the said road. The work of constructing the remaining 7 canals across the bridges will have to be taken up on the basis of availability of funds.
- (c) Not so much of inconvenience is caused to the villagers to travel to headquarter Vehicles are plying on the road. Unly during raivy season little obstruction is caused to the traffic for an hour or two.
 - (d) This will be considered subject to the availability of funds.

Calling Attention Matters of urgent Public Importance.

re Strike by the local candidates and regularisation of their services

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಚ್. ಡಿ. ದೇವೇಗೌಡ (ಕೊಳೆನರಸೀಪುರ). — ಮಾನ್ಯ ಸಭಾಧ್ಯಕ್ಷಿಣಯವರೇ ತಮ್ಮ ಅನಂ ಪಂತಿಯಿಂದ ಈ ಒಂದು ಹಂಗಾವಿಂ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಗಳ ನೇವುಕದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಮಾನ್ಯ ಮುಖ್ಯವಂತ್ರಿಗಳ ಗಮನ ವನ್ನು ಸೆಳೆಯುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಇಷ್ಟಪಡುತ್ತೇನೆ.

SRID DEVARAJ Urs (Chief Minister).—I wish to make the following statement:

A Local Candidate is a temporary Government Servant appointed otherwise than in accordance with the rules of recruitment. Services of local candidates in Class III posts have been regularised after 1-11-1956 in 1960, 1961, 1966, 1970 and in 1973. The rules issued in 1973 provide for regular appointment of local candidates who had put in a service of one year as on 1-4-1973 in any Class III post Consequently, all such local candidates in Class III posts who are appointed on or before 1-4-1972 have already been regularised under the 1973 rules.

- 2. On 23-5-1973 i.e., before the issue of the 1973 rules providing for regular appointment of local candidates, Government issued strict instructions that local candidates shall not be appointed thereafter, in any department. In relaxation of this ban on the appointment of Local candidates and as a measure of special upliftment of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes the ban on the appointment of local candidates was relaxed in June 1974 in favour of appointment of local candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in Class III posts specially, as their representation in the state Services was below the percentages reserved for them. This relaxation was subsequently extended to candidates belonging to the Backward Tribes also
- 3. On 25-2-1977 Government decided that the local candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Backward Tribes who were permitted to be appointed in Class III posts from June 1974 onwards may be regularly appointed to such posts in view of their indaquate representation in these posts.
- 4. It will be seen from the foregoing that services of all local candidates who had put in a service of one year prior to 1-4-1973 and services of all local candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Backward Tribes have been permitted to be regularised. It is likely that some local candidates were appointed after. 1-4-1972, in the exigencies of administration. Appointment of local candidates also sometimes become invitable for carring on the day to day administration. Such local appointments are made through the local employment exchange which denies opportunities to others to compete for such posts. Even from the local employment exchange, the candidates sponsored are not necessarily the best available in that exchange since, the sponsoring is made on the basis of the date of registration of the candidates in the employment exchange. The appointment of such local candidates is therefore, only

a stop-gap arrangement and cannot take the place of regular recruitment in which, according to the Constitutional provisions, equal opportunity to all qualified persons is required to be given.

- 5. On 4-3-1977 Government issued revised orders for reservations in favour of Scheduled Castes Scheduled Tribes Backward Communities Backward Castes, Backward Tribes and Backward Special Group. If services of all local candidates are permitted to be regularised the reservations made for Backward Communities, Castes, etc. will suffer. Lecal Candidates who have worked as such for any period can deduct that period subject to a maximum of 5 years, from their age for the purpose of regular recruitment under the State Services. It is not legally possible to give any other preference in regular recruitment te local candidates.
- 6. For all these reasons Government are not in favour of taking any provision for regularising the Services of all local candidates.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಚ್. ಡಿ. ದೇವೇಗೌಡ,—ಮಾನ್ಯ ಸಭಾಧ್ಯಕ್ಷಣಿಯವರೇ, ಈ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಒಂದೆರಡು ವಿವರ ಗಳನ್ನು ನಾನು ಮಾನ್ಯ ಮುಖ್ಯಮಂತ್ರಿಗಳಿಂದ ತಿಳಿಯಬರುಸುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಇಲ್ಲಿ ''It will be seen from the foregoing that services of all local candidates who had put in a service of one year prior to 1-4-1973 and services of all local candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Backward Tribes have been permitted to be regularised.'' ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದೀರಿ. ಅಂದರೆ ಒಂದು ವರ್ಷದ ಸೇವೆಯನ್ನು ಈ ಅವಧಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದರೆ ಅಂತಹವರನ್ನು ಈ ಆಜ್ಞೆ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ರೆಗ್ಯೂಲ ರೈಜ್ ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಬರುತ್ತದೆ. ಆಸರೆ ಒಂದು ವರ್ಷಕ್ಕೆ ಕೆಲವೇ ದಿವಸಗಳು ಅಥವಾ ೧೫ ದಿವಸ ಕಡಿಮೆ ಸರ್ವಿಸ್ ಆಗಿದ್ದರೆ ಅಂತಹವರನ್ನು ರೆಗ್ಯುಲರೈಜ್ ಮಾಡಬೇಕೇ ಅಥವಾ ಬಿಡಬೇಕೇ ಎಂಬುದು ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಸೇರಿದ್ದು. ಆದರೆ ಇಂತಹವರನ್ನು ಅನೇಕ ಇಲಾಖೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಕಳೆದ ನಾಲ್ಕೈದಂ ವರ್ಷಗಳಿಂದ ಕೆಲಸದಲ್ಲಿ ಮುಂದುವರೆಸಿಕೊಂಡು ಬಂದಿದ್ದಾರೆ, ಇಂತಹವರ ಅಂದರೆ ಈ ಆಜ್ಞೆಯನ್ನು ಹೊರಡಿಸುವು ದಕ್ಕೆ ಪೂರ್ವದಿಂದ ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡಿಕೋಡು ಬಂದಿರುವವರಂ ಯಾವ ಯಾವ ಇಲಾಖೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಎಷ್ಟೆಷ್ಕು ಜನರಂ ಇದ್ದಾರೆಂಬ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ತಾವು ತಮ್ಮ ಜಿ.ಎ.ಡಿ. ಮೂಲಕ ವಿವರಗಳನ್ನು ತರಿಸಬೇಕು.

ಇನ್ನು ಎರಡನೆಯದಾಗಿ ಇಲ್ಲಿ 'On 4-3-1977 Government issued revised orders for reservations in favour of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes Backward Communities, Backward Castes, Backward Tribes and Backward Special Group.'' ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದೀರಿ. ಈ ಒಂದು ಪರಿಮಿತಿಯೊಳಗೇ ಬರತಕ್ಕಂಥ ಲೋಕಲ್ ಕ್ಯಾಂಡಿಡೇಟ್ಸ್ ಇದ್ದರೆ ಅಂತವವರನ್ನು ರೆಗ್ಯುಲರೈಜ್ ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಸಾಧ್ಯವಿದೆಯೇ ಎಂಬು ದನ್ನು ಪರಿಶೀಲನೆ ಮಾಡುತ್ತೀರಾ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಡಿ. ದೇವರಾಜ ಅರಸ್.—ತಾತ್ಕಾಲಿಕವಾಗಿ ಮುಂದುವರಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ಬಂದಿರತಕ್ಕಂತಹವರ ಸಮಸ್ಯೆಗಳೇನಿವೆ ಎಂಬುದನ್ನು ನಾನಂ ನೋಡಿಸುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಮತ್ತು ತಾವು ಎರಡನೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಏನು ಕೇಳಿದ್ದೀರಿ, I can certainly understand it. If one can think of a reasonable approach I shall certainly do it.

ತ್ರೀ ಕಾಗೋಡು ತಿಮ್ಮಪ್ಪ.—ಈ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಹೇಳುವುದೂ ಕಷ್ಟ ಬಡುವುದೂ ಕಷ್ಟ. ಶಾತ್ಕಾಲಿಕವಾಗಿ ನೇಮಕ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳತಕ್ಕಂಥ ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ಹಿಂದುಳಿದ ವರ್ಗದವರಿಗೆ ಸಾಕಷ್ಟು ಪ್ರಾತಿನಿಧ್ಯ ಸಿಕ್ಕಿಲ್ಲ. ಲೋಕಲ್ ಕ್ಯಾಂಡಿಡೇಟ್ಸ್ ನ್ನು ನೇಮಕ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವ ಸಮಯದಲ್ಲಿಯೇ ಪ್ರಪೋರ್ಷನೇಟ್ ಆಗಿ ನೇಮಕ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಂಡರೆ, ಅಂತಹವರನ್ನು ರೆಗ್ಶುಲರೈಜ್ ಮಾಡುವ ಸಂದರ್ಭದಲ್ಲಿ ಈ ತೊಂದರೆಗಳೇ ಬರುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.

- SRI D. DEVARAJ URS.-Let the hon'ble Member recall to his mind what I have just now read out from my statement. Whenever Government take local candidates they do so from the Employment Exchange. There the question of backward class or backward tribe does not arise because we only go by the seniority of the names registered in the Employment Exchange. They may be forward or backward, we cannot help it. That is why when we make a local appointment it cannot be regularised. Sometimes without local appointments it is impossible to carry on the administration. system cannot be completely given up. The whole difficulty has arisen all these years because once we appoint a local candidate it cannot be for years and years. This is another difficulty which we have faced all these years. This year I appoint a person as a local candidate and for 6 or 7 or 10 or 12 years he is continued as such. This is wrong. I must admit that Government have faltered I am not talking of Governments past or present Throughout it has happened like that. In order to avoid this, the only way is that within a specified time we must think of regular appointments to these posts. In the latest order we have said that while appointing local candidates reservation should be maintained. One other important factor is that even if reservation is maintained the opportunities that are to be given to the others is gone. If we go on regularising the equal opportunities which we envisage are not possible. Even among other communities, if a backward commun, ty man is to be taken I might like a person but there may be many others in that community who mey not come to my knowledge at all. Therefore, it is not fair to say that we should go on regularising all these people I understand that Government should make every effort to fill up these posts in a regular way within a specified time.
- Sri B. B SAYANAK.—It is mentioned in the statement that 'appointment of local candidates also sometimes becomes invitable for carrying on the day today administration. So many persons have been appointed as local candidates after 1-4-1973, and they are in service continuously why the Goversment is not regularising the appointments of those who have been in service for four years? Henceforward the Chief Minister may direct his officers not to appoint local candidates.
- Sri D. DEVARAJ URS.—I have already answered why that cannot be done.
 - (ii) re: Strike by Kannada Speaking People at Kasargod

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೊಣಂದೂರಂ ಲಿಂಗಪ್ಪ (ತೀರ್ಥಹಳ್ಳಿ) — ಕಾಸರಗೋಡಿನಲ್ಲಿ ನಮ್ಮ ಕನ್ನಡಿಗರಿಗೆ ಆಗಿರುವ ಆನ್ಯಾಯದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಮತ್ತು ಅಲ್ಲಿರುವ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಕನ್ನಡಿಗರು ಸತ್ಯಾಗ್ರಹ ಮಾಡಿರುವ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಮಾನ್ಮ ಪಂಖ್ಯವಂತ್ರಿಗಳ ಗಮನವನ್ನು ಸೆಳೆಯಂತ್ತೇಕೆ.

SRI D. DEVARAJ URS (Chief Minister).—I wish to make the following statement:

Kasargod is a part of the Kerala State as per the State's Reorganisation Act, 1956. Since then the Kannadigas of Kasargod are agitating for merger of this area with Kannataka State.

In order to settle the border dispute between Karnataka and Maharashtra and Karnataka and Kerala, the Govt. of India appointed the Mahajan Commission. The recommendation of the Mahajan Commission are as follows in so far as Kasargod is concerned:

"So far as the Taluka of Kasargod is concerned, the Commission on the ex-paste material placed before it recommends that this taluka, north of the Chaniragiri and Payaswini rivers, be transferred to the State of Mysore from the State of Kerala on administrative, economic, geographical and grounds of facility of communication which in the opinion of the Commission override the linguistic consideration".

The recommendations of the Mahajan Commission have not yet been implemented and they are before the Government of India for final settlement. The State Government's stand is that the recommendations of the Commission shall be accepted in full.

The Government of Karnataka are always very sympathetic towords the Kannadigas of Kasargod and will be whatever is possible to assist them.

- ಶ್ರೀ ಕೊಣಂದೂರು ಲಿಂಗಪ್ಡು....ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸರ್ಕಾರದಿಂದ ಈ ರೀತಿಯಾಗಿ ಇಂಗ್ಲೀಷಿನ ಉತ್ತರ ಇವತ್ತಿನವರೆಗೂ ಬರಂತ್ರಿದೆ. ಆದರೆ ಕಾಸರಗೋಡಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಕನ್ನಡಿಗರ ಸ್ಥಿತಿ ಏನಾಗಿದೆ. ಅವರಿಗೆ ಅಲ್ಲಿಯ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ವಂಲಯಾಳು ಭಾಷೆಯನ್ನು ಕಡ್ಡಾಯವಾಗಿ ಕಲಿಯಬೇಕು, ಕಲಿಯದಿದ್ದವರಿಗೆ ಯಾವ ರೀತಿಯ ನೌಕರಿಯೂ ಇಲ್ಲ, ಯಾವರೀತಿಯ ಅನಂಕೂಲಗಳು ದೊರಕದ ಹಾಗೆ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ; ಇದರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಕೇರಳ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರಿಗೆ ಪ್ರಾರ್ಥನೆ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಂಡೋ ಅಥವಾ ವಂನವಿ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಂಡೋ ಅಲ್ಲಿರುವ ಕನ್ನಡಿಗರಿಗೆ ತೊಂದರೆ ಕೊಡದ ಹಾಗೆ ಏರ್ಪಾಡು ಮಾಡುತ್ತೀರಾ ?
- ಶ್ರೀ ಡಿ. ದೇವರಾಜ ಅರಸ್ತ್ತವೈನಾರಿಟಿ ಲಾಂಗ್ವೇಜ್ ಕವಿಂಣಪನ್ ಎನು ಇದೆ, ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ಮಾನ್ಯ ಲಿಂಗಪ್ಪನವರೇ ಬೇಕಾದರೆ ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರದಿಂದ ಬರೆಸಬಹಂದು. ನಮ್ಮ ಸಿಸ್ಟರ್ ಸ್ಟೇಟ್ ಗೆ ನಾವು ಹೇಗೆ ಡೈರೆಕ್ಷನ್ ಕೊಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಸಾಧ್ಯ ? ತಾವೇ ಗವರ್ನವೆಂಟ್ ಆಫ್ ಇಂಡಿಯಾದವರಿಗೆ ಪತ್ರಬರೆದಂ, ಅಲ್ಲಿರುವ ಜನಗಳಿಗೆ ತೊಂದರೆ ಕೊಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದಾರೆ ಎಂದಂ ತಿಳಿಸಿ, ಅವರನ್ನು ಸರಿಯಾಗಿ ನೋಡಿ ಕೊಳ್ಳುವಂತೆ ಒಂದು ಪತ್ರವನ್ನು ಆ ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಬರೆಯಿಸಿದರೆ ಒಳ್ಳೆಯದಂ. ಇದಂ ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರ ದವರಂ ಮಾಡತಕ್ಕ ಕೆಲಸ ಬೆಳಗಾಂನಲ್ಲಿ ಕನ್ನಡದವರಿಗೆ ಮರಾಠಿಯನ್ನು ಕಲಿಯಬೇಕು ಎಂದಾಗ ಬೇಡ ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದ ಹಾಗೆ, ಯಾವುದನ್ನೂ ಹೇರುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಸಾಧ್ಯವಿಲ್ಲ. ಇದಕ್ಕೆ ಅವರಿಗೆ ಡೈರೆಕ್ಟ್ ಮಾಡಿ ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಬಹುದಂ. ಅಲ್ಲ ತೊಂದರೆಯಾಗಿದೆ ಎನ್ನುವುದರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ನಮಗೆ ಮನವಿಗಳು ಬಂದಿಲ್ಲ, ಅದು ನಮಗೂ ಗೊತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ. ಒಟ್ಟಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಇದು ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರಂ ಬಗೆಹರಿಸಬೇಕಾದ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ. ನಾವು ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರನ್ನು ಪ್ರಾರ್ಥನೆ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳಬಹುದು. I have no objection to write. We have to request the Govt. of India to look into it.

ಶ್ರೀ ಪ್ರಭಾಕರ ರೆಡ್ಡಿ....ಮಾನ್ಯ ವಂಂಖ್ಯವಂತ್ರಿಗಳು ಇದು ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಪಟ್ಟಿದ್ದು ಎನ್ನುವ ಮಾತನ್ನು ಹೇಳಿದರು. ಅಲ್ಲಿ ನೂರಕ್ಕೆ ೭೦ ಜನ ಕನ್ನಡಿಗರು ಇದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅಲ್ಲಿರತಕ್ಕ ಕನ್ನಡಿಗೆ ರನ್ನು ತಪ್ಪು ದಾರಿಗೆ ಎಳೆಯುವ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಕೇರಳ ಸರ್ಕಾರ ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡಂತ್ರಿದೆ. ಅಲ್ಲಿರುವ ಪೋಲೀಸರು ಕನ್ನಡಿಗರಿಗೆ ಬೆದರಿಕೆ ಹಾಕುತ್ತಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಇದನ್ನು ನೋಡಿಕೊಂಡು ಬರಲು ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಒಂದು ಆಯೋಗವನ್ನು ನೇಮಿಸಬೇಕು ಎಂದು ನಾನು ಕೇಳಿಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತೇನೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಡಿ. ದೇವರಾಜ ಅರಸ್.— ನಾನು ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಇಂಟರ್ಫಿಯಂರ್ ಆಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ. ಮಾನ್ಕ ರೆಶ್ಡಿಯುವರೇ ಬೇಕಾದರೆ ಹೋಗಿಬರಬಹುದು. ಮತ್ತು ವಿಚಾರಗಳನ್ನು ತಿಳಿದುಕೊಳ್ಳಬಹುದು. ಅಂಥ ಪರಿಸ್ಥಿತಿ ಏನಾದರೂ ಇದ್ದರೆ ಅವರೇ ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ತಿಳಿಸಬಹುದು. As Govt. it is not possible to interfere directly.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೊಣದೂರು ಲಿಂಗಪ್ಪಹೊಸೂರಂ, ತಾಳವಾಡಿ, ನೀಲಗಿರಿ ಈ ಕಡೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ಕೂಡ ಇದೇ ಸ್ಥಿತಿಯಾಗಿದೆ. ಹೊರನಾಡ ಕನ್ನಡಿಗರು ಕಷ್ಟಕ್ಕೆ ಸಿಕ್ಕಿದ್ದಾರೆ ಎಂದು ನಮ್ಮ ವಾಟಾಳ್ ನಾಗರಾಜ್ ಅವರು ಇಲ್ಲಿಗೆ ಘೋಷಣೆ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಂಡು ಬುದಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅಲ್ಲನ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಇವರನ್ನು ಬಹಳ ನಿಕೃಷ್ಟ, ರೀತಿಯಿಂದ ಕಾಣಂತ್ರಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ ರಾಜ್ಯ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರಿಗೆ ಒತ್ತಾಯ ಮಾಡಿ ಇದನ್ನು ಬಗಹರಿಸಬೇಕೆಂದು ನನ್ನ ಒತ್ತಾಯ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಡಿ. ದೇವರಾಜ ಅರಸ್.—ನವಂಗಿಂತ ಮಾನ್ಯ ಲಿಂಗಪ್ಪನವರಿಗೆ ಈಗ ಕೇಂದ್ರಕ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಭಾವ ಬೀರುವ ಶಕ್ತಿ ಇದೆ ದಯಮಾಡಿ ಅವರೇ ಒತ್ತಾಯ ಮಾಡಿದರೆ ಒಳ್ಳೆಯದಲ್ಲವೇ ?

್ರಶ್ರೀ ಕೊಣಂದೂರಂ ಲಿಂಗಪ್ಪ.—ಅದನ್ನು ನಾವು ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದೇವೆ. ಇದುವರೆಗೆ ಏಕೆ ಕ್ಷಿನೀವು ಮಾಡಲಿಲ್ಲ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಡಿ. ದೇವರಾಜ ಅರಸ್.—ಇದಂವರೆಗೆ ನಿವಂಗೆ ಪ್ರಭಾವ ಇರಲಿಲ್ಲ, ಈಗ ಪ್ರಭಾವ ಇದೆ ಮಾಡಿ.

(iii) re: Incident at Chethana Hostel, KMC, Hubli

ಶ್ರೀ ಬಾಪೂಗೌಡ (ಶಹಪುರ).—ನಾನಂ ಹಂಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಮೆಡಿಕಲ್ ಕಾಲೇಜಿಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧ ಪಟ್ಟಂತೆ ಬೇತನ ಲೇಡೀಸ್ ಹಾಸ್ಟಲ್ ನಲ್ಲಿ ಗೂಂಸಾಯಿಸಂ ನಡೆಯಿಸಿ ತೊಂದರೆಯಾಗಿದ್ದ ವರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಮಾನ್ಯ ಆರೋಗ್ಯ ಮಂತ್ರಿಗಳ ಗಮನವನ್ನು ಸೆಳೆಯಂತ್ರೇನೆ.

SRI H M. CHANNABASAPPA (Minister for Health).—I wish to make the following statement:

On the morning of 2-6-1977, Dr. (Mrs.) V. Jayalaxmi, Warden in-charge, Ladies Hostel, Karnataka Medical College, Hubli gave a written complaint to the Principal, Karnataka Medical College, Hubli reporting that there was an attempt of theft in the Ladies Hostel (named Chethana) on 2-6-1977 at about 3-45 A.M. She also reported that the thief entered Room No. 18 (ground floor) and ran away leaving the following items:—

- (1) One shirt
- (2) One Scissor
 - (3) One iron bar in one of the bath rooms

Immediately after receiving the complaint, the Principal inspected Ladies Hostel at about 12-00 noon. In the meantime he also informed the Sub-Inspector of Police i/c, Vidyanagar Police

Station to take up immediate investigation into the matter. This was followed up by a written complaint to the Police authorities. The matter is still under investigation by the Police authorities and result of investigations is awaited.

No valuable articles have been looted on 1-6-1977 from any of the girl students as mentioned in the Call Attention Notice

The Principal, Karnataka Medical College, Hubli met the Deputy Commissioner, Dharwar in his office on 3-6-1977, and discussed with him the law and problem and also brought to his notice that there had been nearly four attempts of thefts and stone throwing in the campus including in the Ladies Hostel of the Karnataka Medical College, Hubli in a period of six months. On 23-5-1977 Principal's designated quarters was robbed and the incident has been reperted to the Directorate of Health and Family Planning Services, Bangalore by the Principal.

The Deputy Commissioner and the Superintendent of Police have made adequate security arrangements on the request of the Principal. In order to prevent unauthorised entry and to safeguard the premises, an estimate to raise compound wall and provide barbed wire fencing at a cost of Rs. 46,630 has been prepared by the Executive Engineer, Dharwar Division, Dharwar. The Director of Health and Family Planning Services has sanctioned the estimate on 10-6-1977 and the P. W D. authorities have been requested to complete this work to prevent miscreants entering the campus.

Steps are also taken to keep two watchmen to guard the Ladies Hostel in the night. The watchmen have been provided with torch and lathies. Lights have been provided both in the front and rear portion of the Ladies Hostel and the Principal's quarters. Police are also doing night beats.

The incident at the hostel was only attempted theft but not geondaism involving damages to property or person.

2-00 P. M.

ಶ್ರೀ ಬಾಪೂಗೌಡ.—ಈ ಹಾಸ್ಟೆಲ್ ನಲ್ಲಿ ೬ ತಿಂಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಇಂತಹ ೪ ಘಟನೆಗಳು ನಡೆದಿವೆ. ಆಲ್ಲಿ ನಿರ್ದಷ್ಟ ಗೂಂಡಾ ಜನರು ಕಳವು ಮಾಡತಕ್ಕ ದೃಷ್ಟಿಯಿಂದ ಹಾಸ್ಟೆಲ್ ಗೆ ಹ್ರವೇಶ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ ಅವರ ಹೆಸರನ್ನು ಹೇಳಿದರೆ ಅಲ್ಲಿ ರತಕ್ಕಂಥ ಮಕ್ಕಳಿಗೆ ತೊಂದರೆಯಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಆಲ್ಲಿ ಒಡವೆಗಳು, ಆಭರಣಗಳು, ಚೈನಂಗಳು, ಉಂಗುರಗಳು ಕಳುವಾಗಿವೆ. ನಾನು ಅವರ ಲಿಸ್ಟ್ ಕೊಟ್ಟಲ್ಲ. ಕೊಟ್ಟರೆ ಅಲ್ಲಿ ರತಕ್ಕವರಿಗೆ ಬೆದರಿಕೆ ಹಾಕುತ್ತಾರೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಚ್. ಎಂ. ಚನ್ನಬಸಪ್ಪ,....ಕಳುವಾಯಿತಂ ಎಂದು ಹೇಳುತ್ತೀರಿ, ಏನು ಕಳುವಾಗಿದೆಯೆಂದು ತಿಳಿಸಬೇಕಲ್ಲೇ